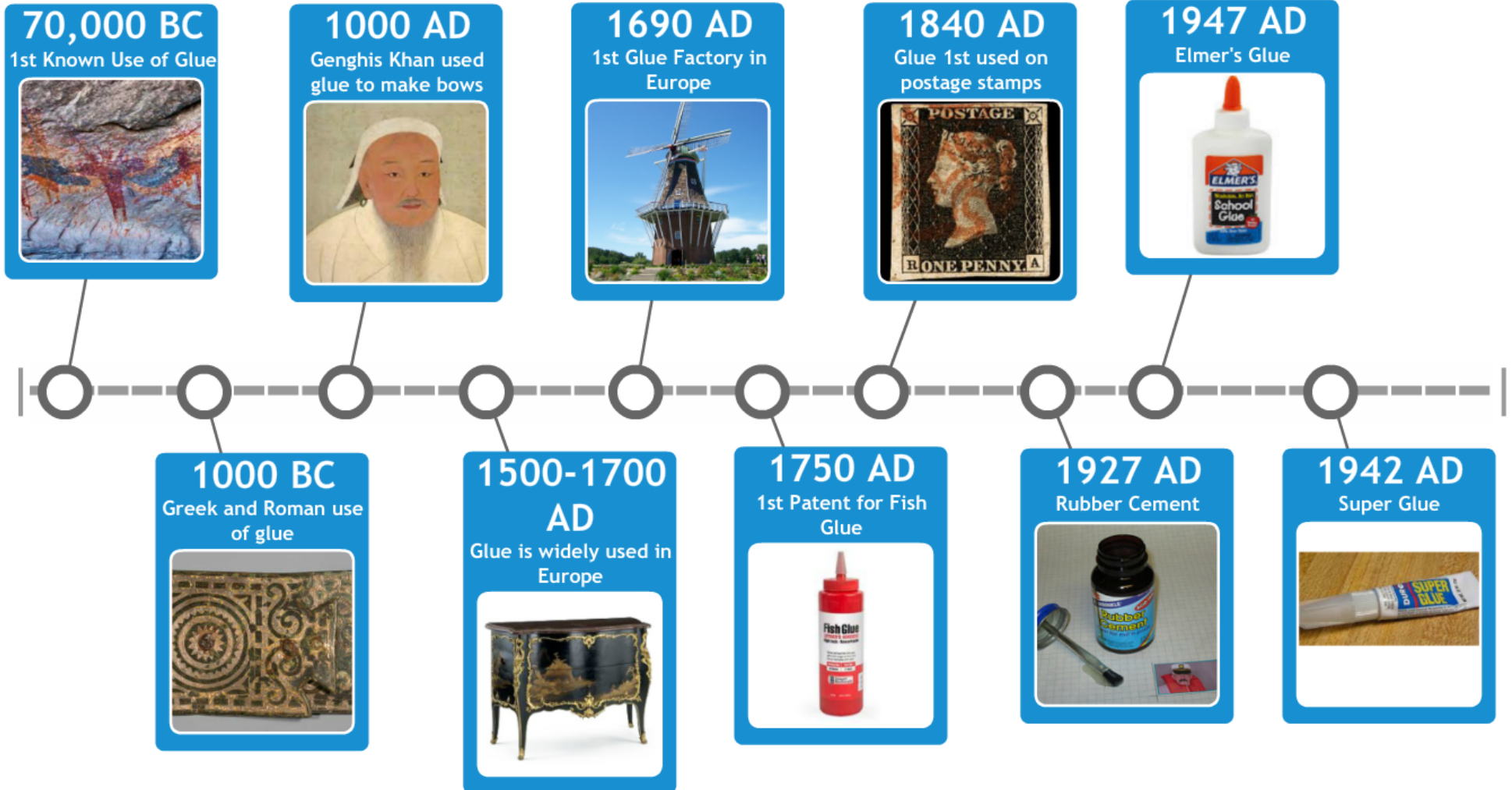


# TIMELINE

## Sticking to History

By: Debbie French



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### Items:

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○ 70,000 BC

Glue was used to hold pigments together to make paint used in this cave drawing.

○ 1942 AD

Super glue (or cyanoacrylate glue) was developed by the Eastman Kodak company in . Known for sticking fingers together, it was used to seal wounds during the Vietnam War.

○ 1000 BC

The Greeks and Romans used a variety of glues in many applications. One example is Greek marquetry. Small pieces of wood is cut and glued in elaborate patterns.

○ 1000 AD

Genghis Khan used glue to laminate wood to make bows.

○ 1500-1700 AD

At the end of the Dark Ages, glues were widely used in Europe. This is an example of a table from 1750 featuring glued wood veneer.

○ 1690 AD

The first glue factory in Europe opened in Holland in 1690.

○ 1750 AD

The British patented fish glue in 1750. This glue dries clear, which makes it a popular choice among musical instrument makers.

○ 1840 AD

Glue was first used on US postage stamps in 1840. A type of fish glue was used.

○ 1927 AD

Rubber cement is comprised of rubber, mixed with a solvent that evaporates, leaving the sticky rubber behind. It is also used in the ink of erasable pens.

○ 1947 AD

Elmer's glue was developed in Columbus, Ohio. It is made of Polyvinyl Acetate (PVA). It is used in many common school and household applications.